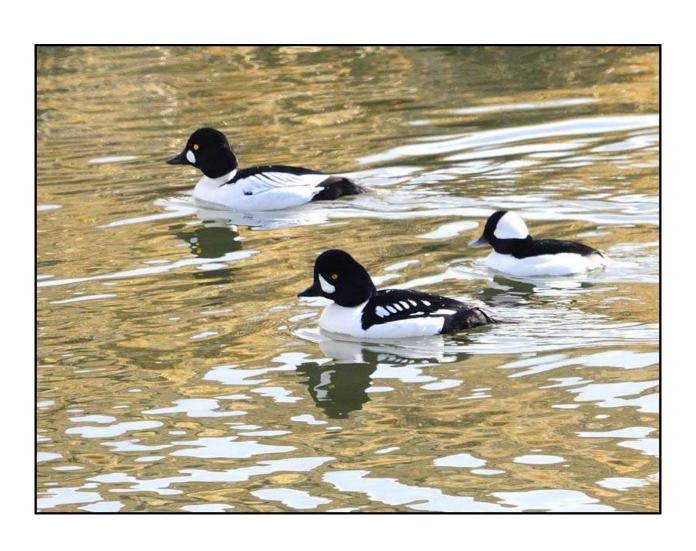
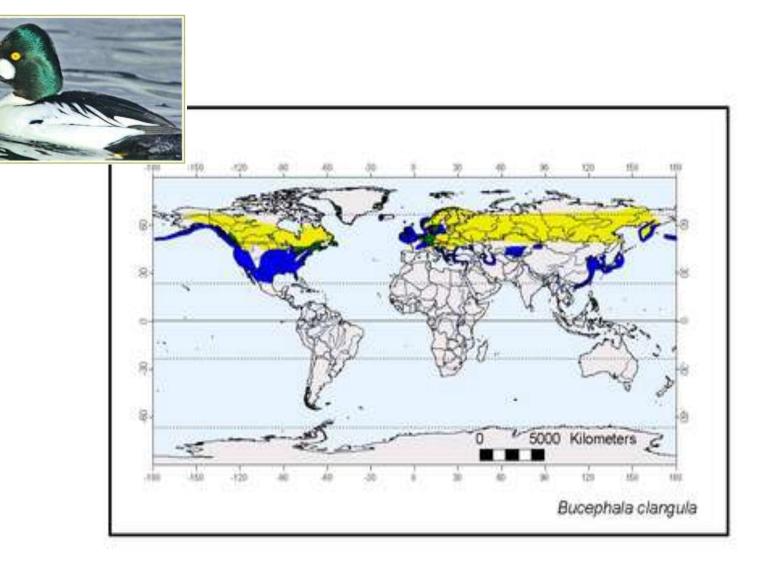
Le Garrot d'Islande Jean-Pierre L. Savard



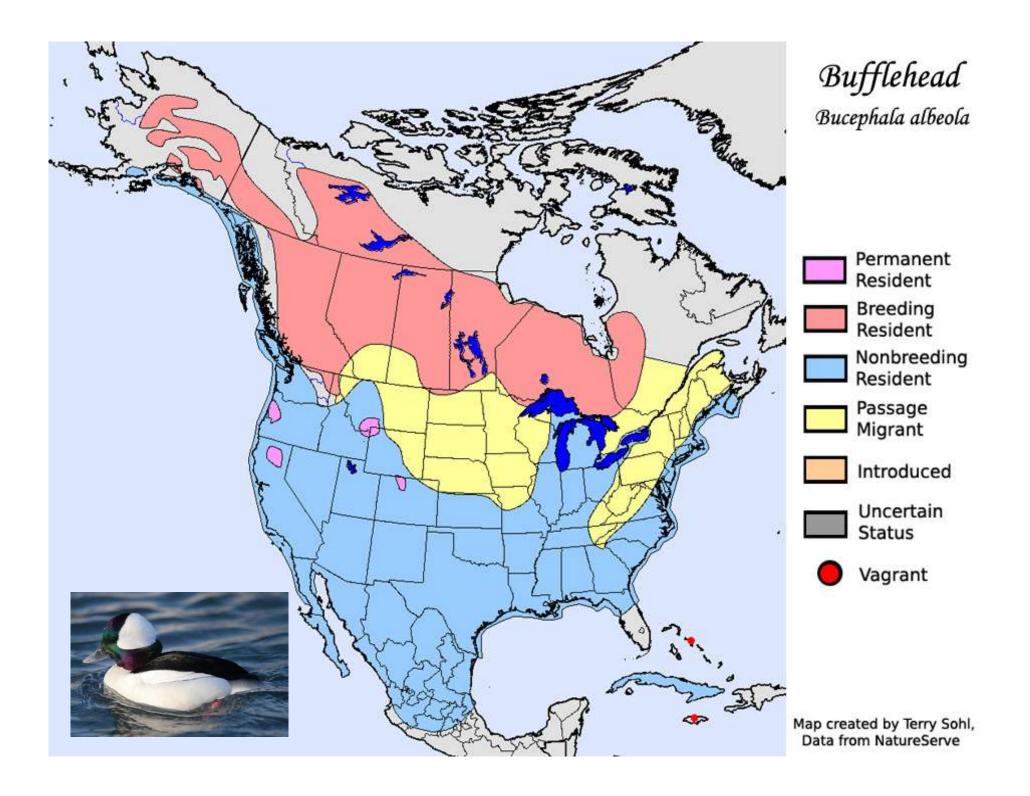
Le genre Bucephala

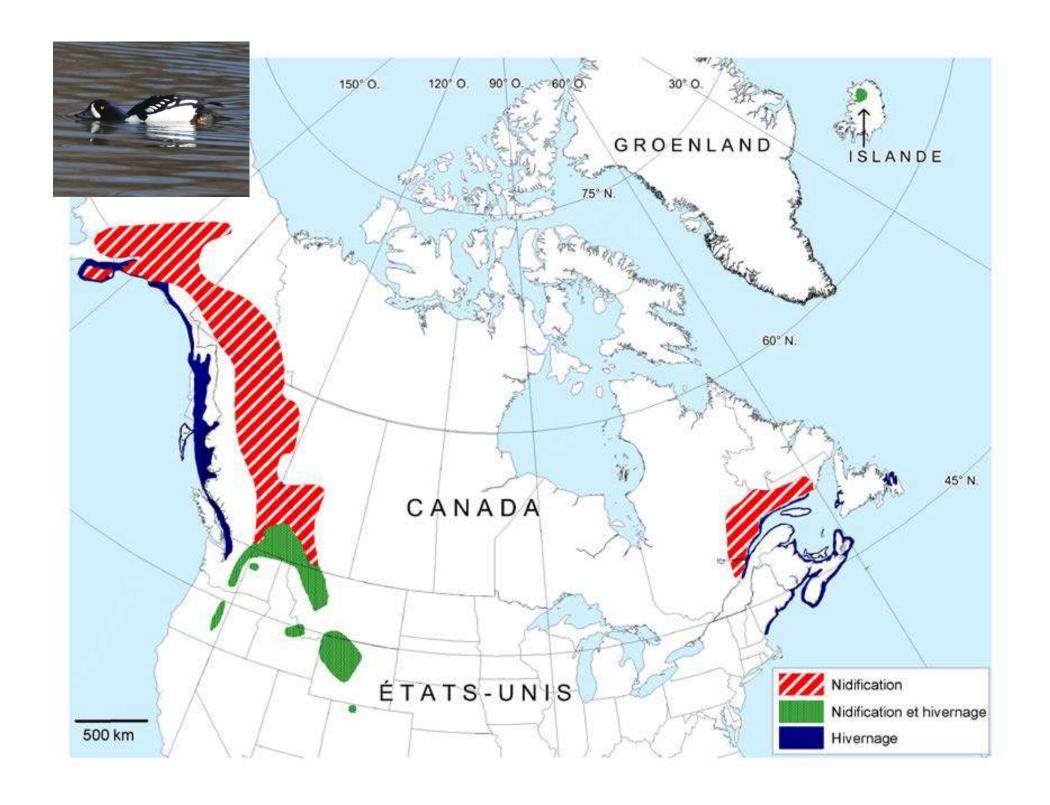






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Garrot à œil d'or et d'Islande





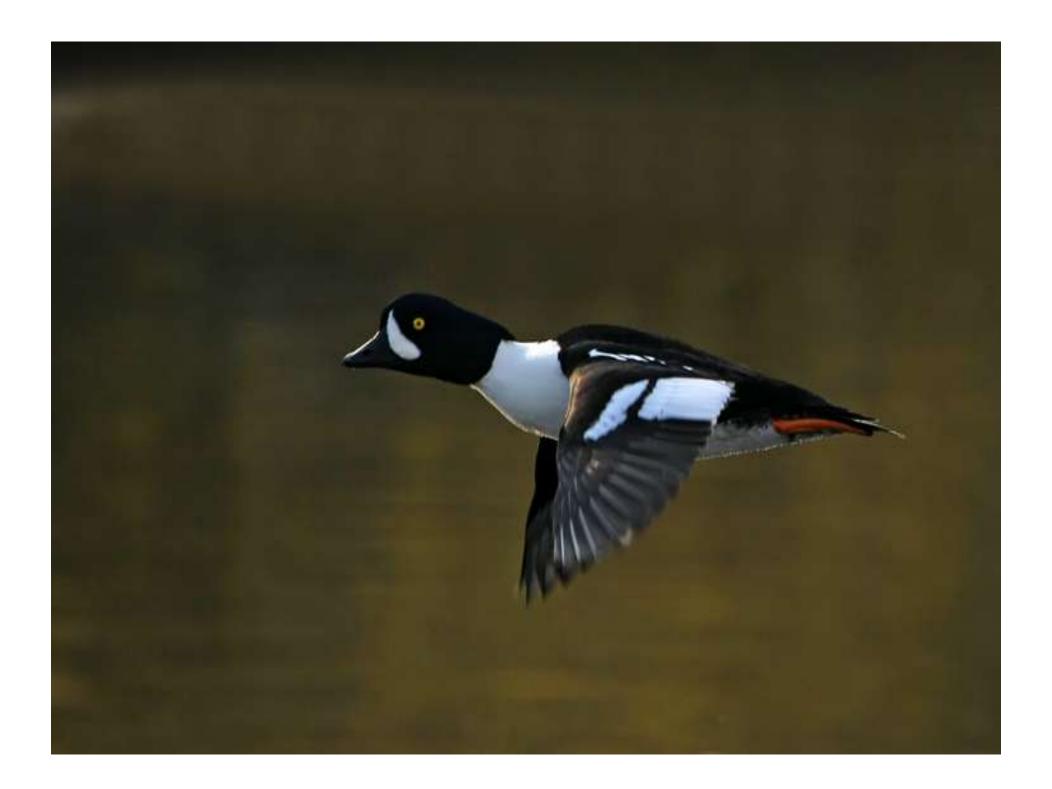
© 2009 Photo by **Doug Greenberg** http://www.flickr.com/photos/dagberg/

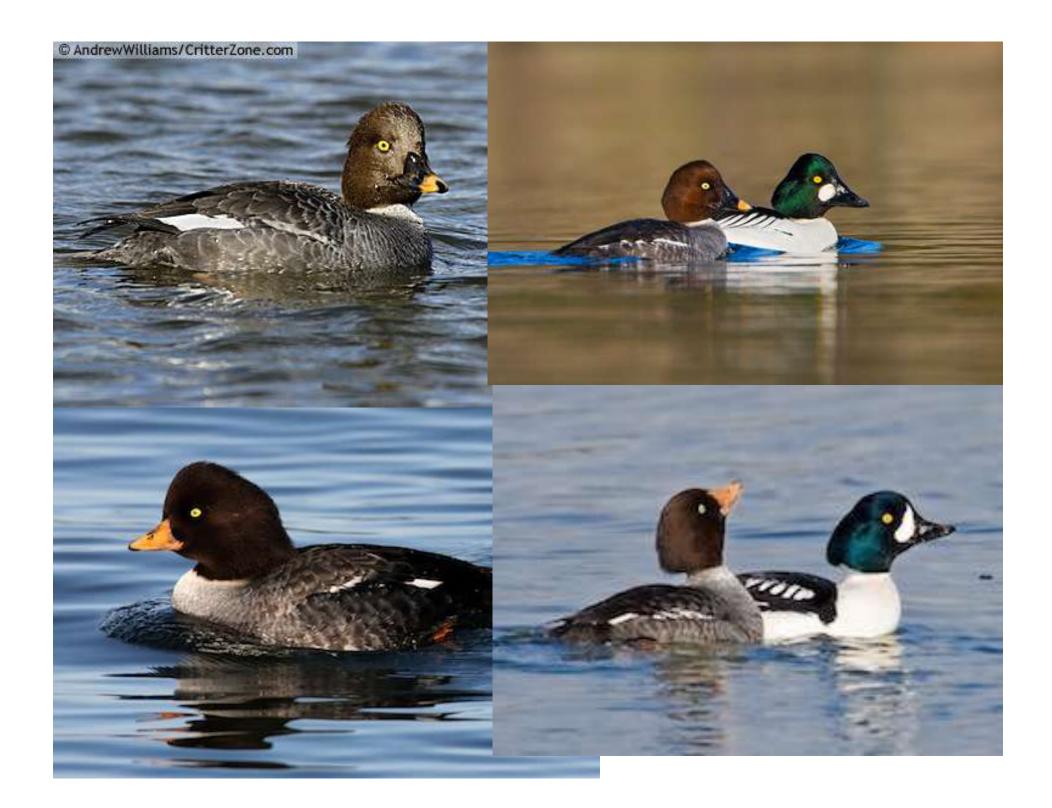
Barrow's Goldeneye Pair Female top / Male below)

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Identification





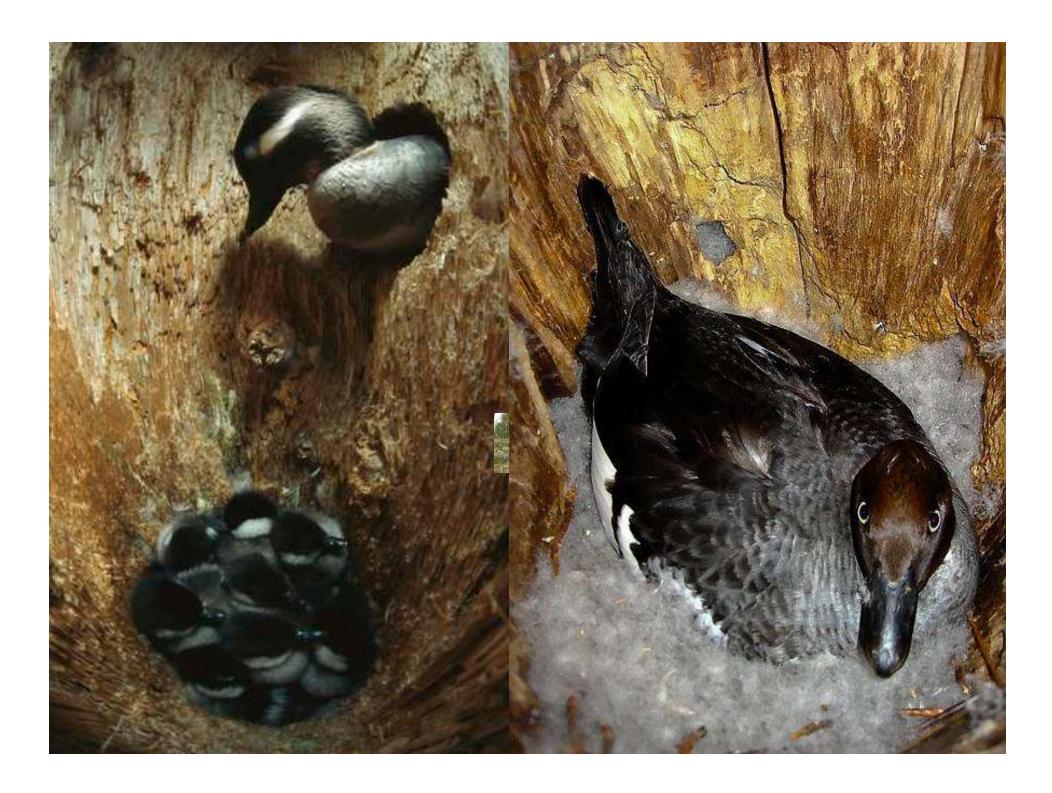










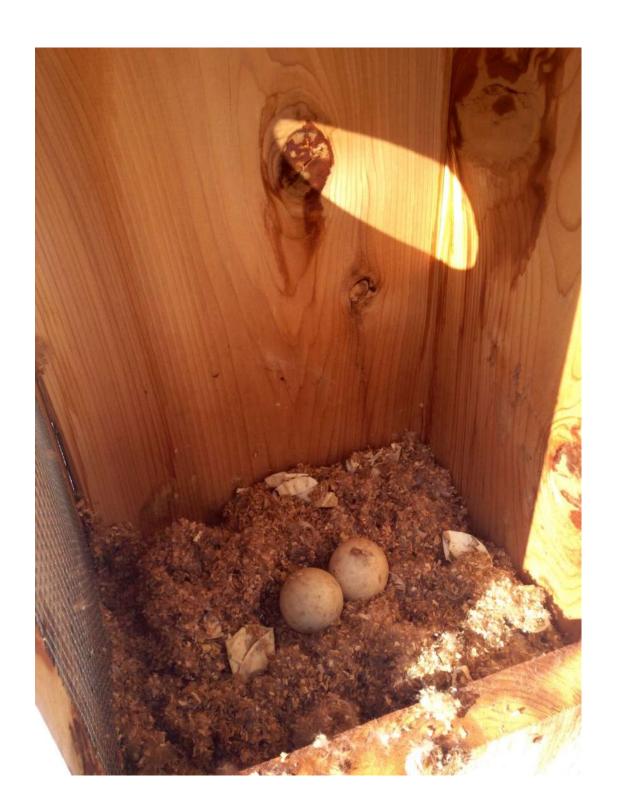












Nid avec signe d'éclosion

Nid avec signes de prédation

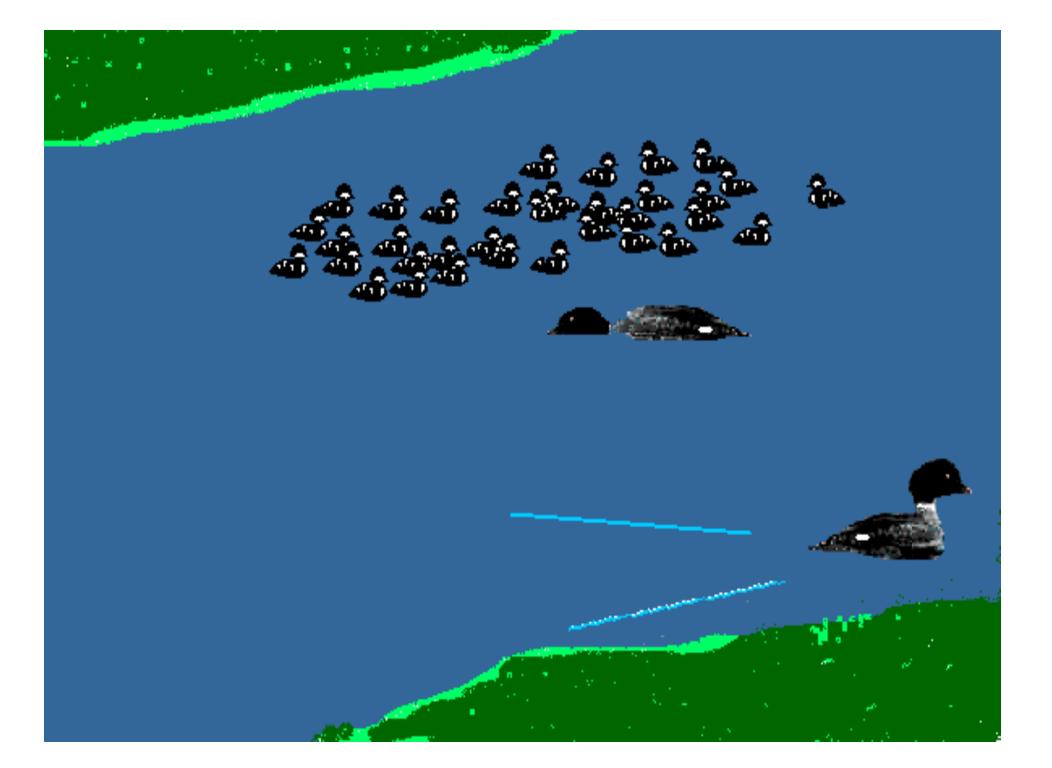


Territorialité



- Couples
- Femelles avec jeunes





Couvés



Petit Garrot



Plan de gestion

Objectif

 Maintenir et, si possible, augmenter la taille de la population ainsi que l'aire de répartition actuelles du Garrot d'Islande, population de l'Est.

Menaces

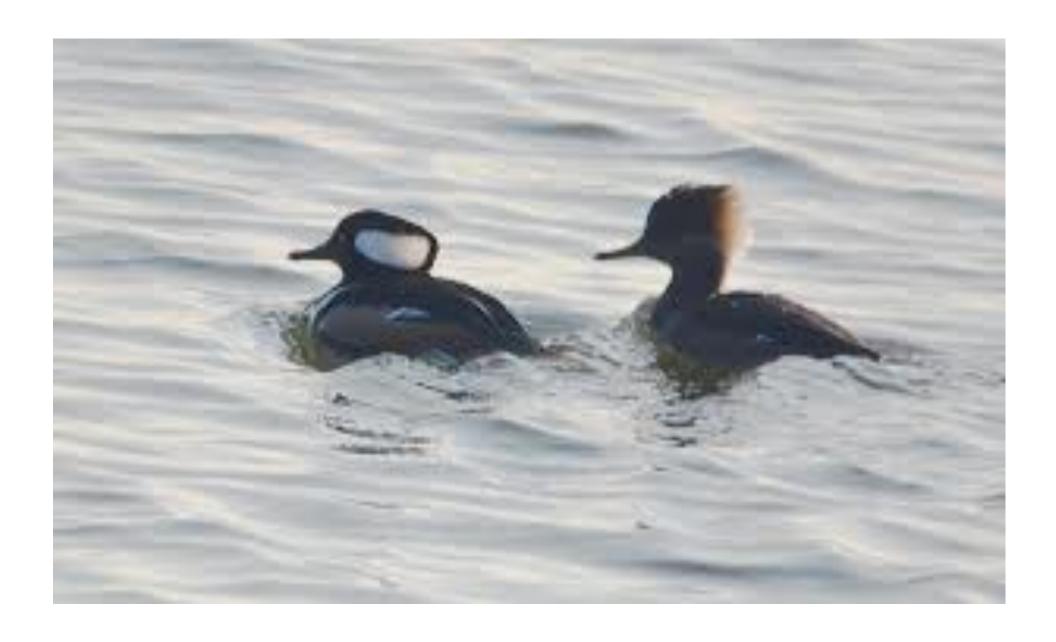
- Exploitation forestière
- Ensemencement des lacs sans poissons
- Déversements d'hydrocarbures
- Contamination des sédiments
- Chasse

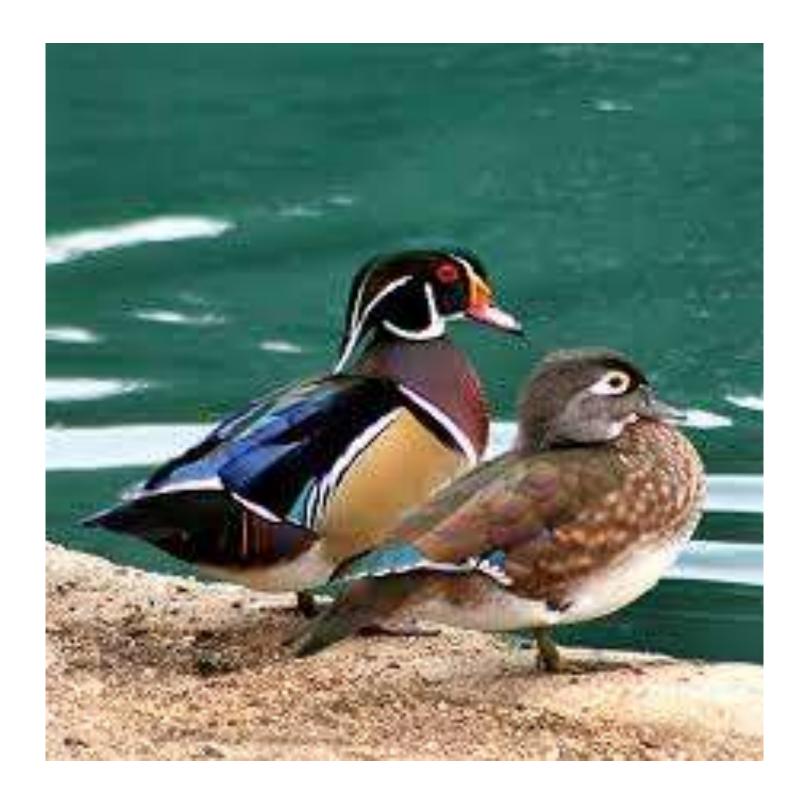
Nest boxes

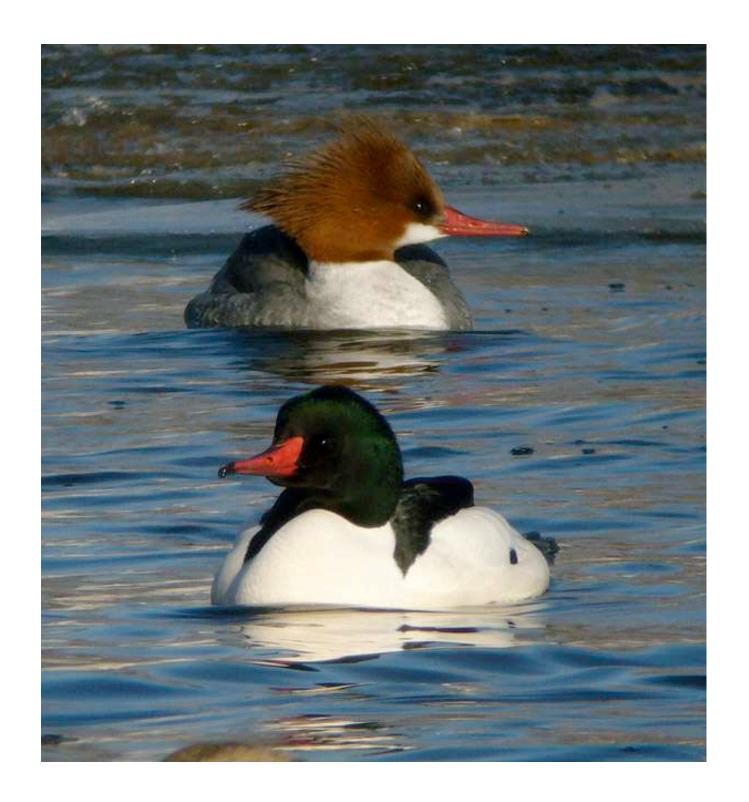
Competition for nest sites











Nidification

 Le Garrot à œil d'or et le Garrot d'islande peuvent nicher dans les cavités creusées par le Grand pic

 Le Petit garrot peut utiliser les cavités de pics flamboyants

Ecavateurs naturels

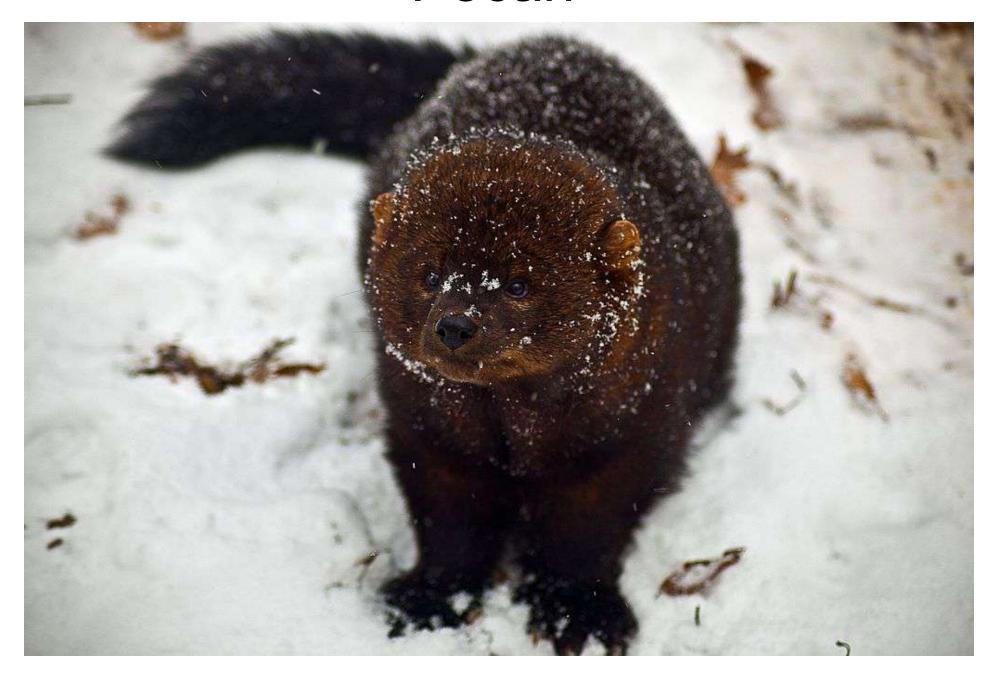








Pécan

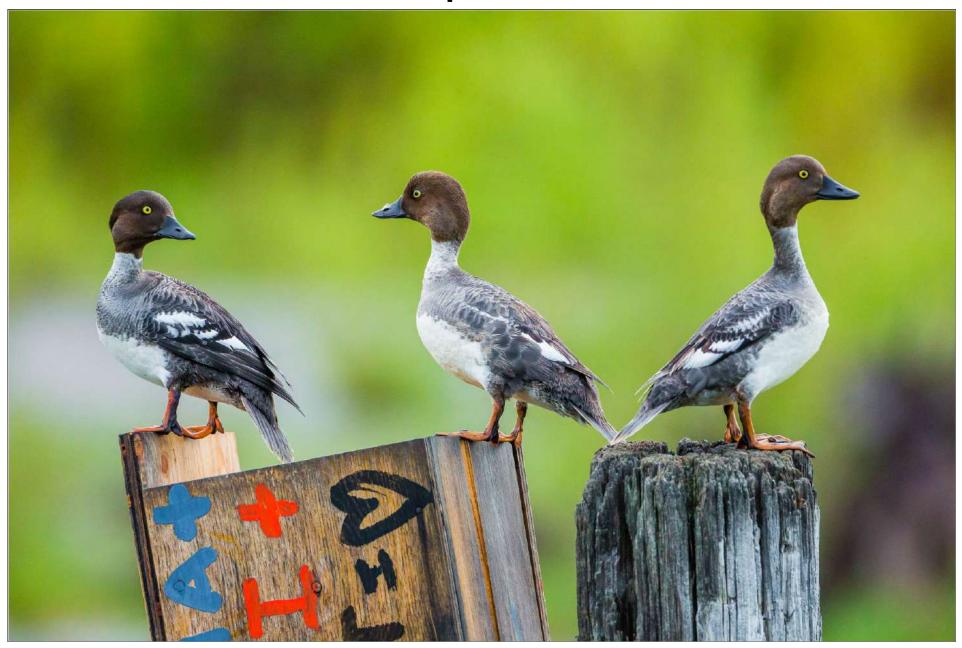








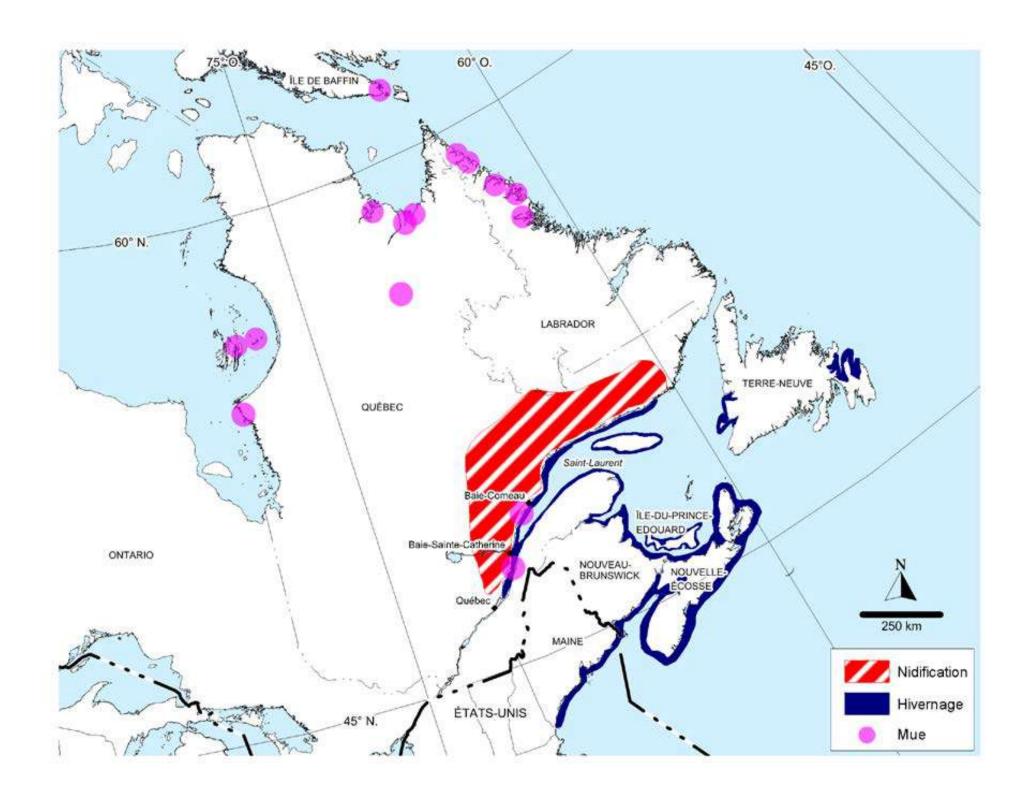
Prospection



Mue







Hiver

